

Hidden Iceland ehf. Fiskislóð 18 101 Reykjavík Iceland

> Reykjavík, 22. ágúst 2024 UST202408-102/Þ.V.B. 09.04.00

## Subject: permit to fly a drone in Dyrhólaey, Geysir and Gullfoss

The Environment Agency of Iceland has received an application from Hidden Iceland ehf., dated August 14<sup>th</sup> 2024, for permit to fly a drone within Dyrhólaey, Geysir and Gullfoss.

Dyrhólaey is protected as a nature reserve, cf. regulation no.101/1978. Construction work and disturbance to geological formations and wild animal life in the protected area is prohibited. A permit from the Environment Agency is needed for camping inside the nature reserve. This includes tents, motorhomes and campers. According to the management plan regulations permission must be obtained from the Environment Agency for operating an unmanned aircraft/drone within the area.

Geysir is protected as natural monument, cf. regulation no. 660/2020. All disturbance of geological monuments is prohibited, incl. any inscriptions and disturbance of the activity and water level of the hot spring area, disturbance of hot springs, hot springs, soils and rocks, without permission. Helicopters and other manned aircraft may not land within the area without the permission of the Environment Agency. Operating an unmanned aircraft/drone within the protected area is subjected to a permit from the Environment Agency of Iceland.

Gullfoss is protected as a nature reserve, cf. regulation no. 141/1979. Disturbance to geological formations, vegetation and wild animal life is prohibited. Operating an unmanned aircraft/drone within the protected area is subjected to a permit from the Environment Agency of Iceland.

# **Description of the project:**

Permit is requested to fly a drone at Dyrhólaey, Geysir and Gullfoss. Flight altitude would be 100 meters and 70-100 meters from the sights. The flights would last 20-30 minutes in one day in the period of August 21<sup>st</sup> -29<sup>th</sup> 2024. Number of employees would be 1 person and there is not deed to go off paths or restrict traffic in the areas



## Impact assessment:

The Environment Agency of Iceland considers the project to be minimal and not likely to have negative impact on the conservation value and environment in Geysir and Gullfoss. The droneflight might have negative impact on other visitors experience in the sites and on birdlife in Dyrhólaey but if conditions of the permit are followed, the impact can be reduced.

#### **Conclusions and conditions:**

The Environment Agency of Iceland hereby grants Hidden Iceland ehf. permission on its behalf to fly a drone within Dyrhólaey, Geysir and Gullfoss as described above on August 23<sup>rd</sup> - 29<sup>th</sup> 2024 on the following conditions:

- Keep this letter with you on site during the project. The permit conditions should be introduced to the staff of the project before work begins.
- The applicant shall inform rangers in the area about their arrival and departure. This is to be done 24 hours before entering the area and again before leaving it.
- If the project dates or description changes the Environment Agency shall be notified as soon as possible.
- Applicant should always stay on authorized paths/tracks/roads.
- If any complications occur during the project, please contact the ranger or the Environment Agency of Iceland, tel. +354 591 2000.
- The project's staff is required to prevent all disturbance to the environment and make sure that all litter is removed from the sites.
- If the material is meant for public viewing it must be noted in the video/subtext that permission from the Environment Agency was obtained for the filming/photography.
- An unmanned aircraft should never be flown in close proximity to people. Please take precaution not to disturb people's experience, their safety or personal privacy nor the general peace of the protected areas being filmed.
- According to Icelandic law it is forbidden to fly close to cliffs where birds nest. An unmanned aircraft should never be flown near animals or birds, neither in nesting areas nor during nesting season or any other seasonal time when animals or bird habitats are considered vulnerable.
- Flight time should be kept to a minimum and flight should be avoided during the area's busiest times of the day.
- If the use of unmanned aircraft causes disturbance to wildlife in the area, its use should be ceased at once.
- The conductor of the unmanned aircraft is responsible for the aircraft within the
  protected area. This includes taking responsibility of any possible risk of harm to
  people, fauna and nature and leaving no permanent marks on the site in question.
  Should the aircraft crash, all components from it must be collected and removed
  from the area.
- For safety reasons, unmanned aircraft are not allowed to fly below 50 m above Strokki.



- It is forbidden to fly drones next to bird cliffs in a closer proximity than 50 meters, if birds are in the cliffs.
- Drones should take of in at least 50 meters distance from the bird cliffs in Dyrhóley and reach the intended flight altitude before flying over the cliffs.

If the licensee causes damage to nature, according to art. 87 in the Nature Conservation Act no. 60/2013, the Environment Agency of Iceland can, according to the Nature Conservation Act, f.e. order the licensee to fix damage to nature and vegetation and/or stop the project.

The Environment Agency of Iceland can according to art. 89 in the Nature Conservation Act no. 60/2013 change conditions of the permit, add new conditions or withdraw the permit in order to prevent damage to nature if environmental conditions change.

According to art 89. in the Nature Conservation Act no. 60/2013 the Environment Agency can withdraw the permit if conditions of the permit are not complied to.

Unmanned aircraft should take off and land in a safe distance from other visitors according to regulation 990/2017 on unmanned aircrafts.

The usage of a drone shall be according to regulation no. 990/2017 on the operation of remotely piloted aircraft (https://www.icetra.is/aviation/drones/).

Please note that according to the regulation all drones used for commercial flight need to be registered at the Icelandic Transport Authority.

### Permission fee:

Environment Agency of Iceland charges a fee for processing applications for permits in protected areas based on Article 92 of Act no. 61/2013 on Nature Conservation. The fee for constructions, droneflights, cinematography and/or photography is **83.200 ISK** according to art. 29. b. in the agency's tariff no. 1410/2023.

## Supervision:

The Environment Agency will supervise the project. The supervisor will be a ranger from the Environment Agency.

Sincerely

Ragnheiður Björk Sigurðardóttir **advisor** 

Þórdís Vilhelmína Bragadóttir **advisor**